GLOSSARY

Allah: is the God of the Muslims.

Baddie: is a bad person. Christmas: is a word derived from the Old English 'Christ's Mass'.

Beatus: copy, especially in illuminated manuscript form, of the Commentary on the Book of Revelations written by Saint Beatus of Liébana, is often just referred to as a Beatus. Many famous versions exist, especially in the Mozarabic style.

Black Death: forms of bubonic plague that spread over Europe in the 14th century and killed approximately a quarter of the population.

Bubonic plague: a serious, sometimes fatal, infection transmitted by fleas from infected rodents and characterized by high fever, weakness, and the formation of buboes, esp. in the groin and armpits.

Christmas: is a word derived from the Old English 'Christ's Mass'.

Christmas crib: nativity of Christ representation

Dominion or **command**: the order of the Templars had lands from the Kingdom and they offered military service in exchange. **Guilds**: an association, as of merchants or artisans, in medieval times.

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Islam: the religious system of the Muslims.

Hegira: the flight (escape) of Muhammad from Mecca to Medina in 622 A.D. It marks the beginning of the Muslim era.

Illuminated manuscript: is a manuscript in which the text is supplemented by the addition of decoration, such as decorated initials, borders and miniature illuminations.

Kaaba: the shrine in the Mecca mosque towards which prayer is directed. **Koran:** the sacred book of the Muslims consisting of revelations orally delivered by Mohammed, and collected after his death. The Koran is written in Arabic and it has 114 chapters.

Kufic: the luxurious calligraphic lettering in Arabic.

Mass: it is the celebration of the Eucharist in the Roman Catholic Church.

Mihrab: a niche in the mosque indicating direction of prayer.

Mill: a building to grind corn, wheat, cotton, etc.

Minaret: the tower from which the call to worship is sounded.

Mohammed: the founder of the religion of Islam (died 632A.D.).

Mumming: is a play with masks.

Muslim: is a follower in the Islamic religion.

Mecca: is the birthplace of Mohammed and a pilgrimage site.

Mosque: the typical Islamic temple or place of worship.

Muezzin: the man who calls believers to prayer. **Order**: a group of monks and friars or formerly of knights, bound by common rule of life.

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Paper-mill: a mill in which paper is made.

Parchment: it was used to write important documents and it was made of calf or sheep skin which had been specially dried and prepared.

Prophet: a person who speaks by divine inspiration whom the will of a god is expressed.

Qibla (kiblah): it shows the direction of Mecca, towards which prayer is directed.

Quill pen is a pen made from a bird's feather. The best quills came from the wing feathers of a goose or a swan. The end is cut to a point similar to a modern fountain pen.

Ragman: person who collects or deals in rags, old clothes.

Rags: scraps of clothes used as material for paper. It also means old clothes.

Templars: a member of the knights Templars.

Timber: wood used as a building material.

Scriptorium a room used for writing, especially in a monastery.